



**NESCO FOUNDATION
FOR
INNOVATION AND DEVELOPMENT**

**AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENT
FOR 2019-20**



NESCO FOUNDATION FOR INNOVATION AND DEVELOPMENT

CIN No.: U85320MH2019NPL331463

Registered Office: Hall No. 1, Nesco Center, Western Express Highway, Goregaon (East),
Mumbai – 400063.

Tel No.: 022 66450123 : Fax No.: 022 66450101 : Email : nescofoundation@nesco.in

To,
The Members
Nesco Foundation for Innovation and Development

Your Directors have pleasure in presenting the First Annual Report of the Company together with the audited financial statements of the Company for the period ended 31 March 2020.

1. Financial Results

Particulars	For the period 09.10.2019 to 31.03.2020
Income	0.61
Expenditure	2.01
Profit / Loss Before Tax	(1.40)
Less: Provision for Taxes	-
Profit / Loss After Tax	(1.40)

2. Share Capital

The paid up equity capital as on 31 March 2020 was Rs. 1,00,000/-.

3. Directors

There is no change in the constitution of the Board of Directors during the period under review.

4. Board Meetings

Pursuant to Section 134(3)(b), details of board meetings held during the period are given in "Annexure A" of this Board's Report.

During the period under review, 3 Board Meetings were conveyed and held. The intervening gap between the Meetings was within the period prescribed under the Companies Act, 2013.



5. Directors' Responsibility Statement as required under Section 134(3)(C) of the Companies Act, 2013

The Directors state that: -

- a. In the preparation of the annual accounts, the applicable accounting standards have been followed along with proper explanation by way of notes to accounts relating to material departures;
- b. The selected accounting policies were applied consistently and the judgments and estimates made by them are reasonable and prudent so as to give true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31 March 2020 and of the profit and loss of the Company for the period ended on that date;
- c. The proper and sufficient care has been taken for the maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act, for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting fraud and other irregularities;
- d. The annual accounts have been prepared on a going concern basis.
- e. The Directors had laid down internal financial controls to be followed by the Company and that such internal controls are adequate and were operating effectively.
- f. The Directors had devised proper systems to ensure compliance with the provisions of all applicable laws and that such systems were adequate and operating effectively.

6. Auditors and Audit Report

Pursuant to first Proviso to Sub Section (1) of Section 139 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 3 (7) of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, the Board of Directors recommend appointment of M/s. Manubhai & Shah LLP, Chartered Accountants, (Firm Registration No 106041W/W100136) as the Statutory Auditors of the Company, at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting for a period of Five (5) years until the conclusion of the Annual General Meeting for the financial year 2024-25 at the remuneration decided by the Board on a mutual consent with M/s. Manubhai & Shah LLP, Chartered Accountants.

The Notes on financial statements referred to in the Auditors Report are self-explanatory and do not call for any further comments. The Auditors' Report does not contain any qualification, reservation or adverse remark.

7. Safety, Health and Environment

Your Company recognizes its role in health and safety, as well as its responsibility towards environment and society. Safety and security of personnel, assets and environmental protection are also on top of the agenda of the Company.

8. Conversion of energy, technology absorption, foreign exchange earnings and outgo

The provisions of Section 134(3)(m) of the Companies Act, 2013, relating to conservation of energy and technology absorption are not applicable to the Company.

There is no foreign exchange earnings and outgo during the period under review.



9. Particulars of Loan, Guarantee or Investments

Your Company has not made investments under provisions of Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013.

10. Particulars of Employees:

There is no employee in respect to whom information is required to be given pursuant to Section 197 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with Rule 5 of the Companies (Appointment and Remuneration of Managerial Personnel) Rules, 2014.

11. Extract of Annual Return

Pursuant to Section 134(3)(a), extract of Annual Return in Form MGT-9 has been annexed to this Report as an "Annexure B".

12. Subsidiaries

Your Company is a Wholly Owned Subsidiary of Nesco Limited. There are no subsidiaries of your Company.

13. Related Party Transactions

There are no materially significant related party transactions made by the Company with Promoters, Key Managerial Personnel or other designated persons which may have potential conflict with interest of the Company at large.

All Contracts or arrangements or transactions entered by the Company with Related Parties were in its ordinary course of business and on an arm's length basis.

14. Indian Accounting Standards

Your Company has adopted Indian accounting Standard (Ind AS) notified by the Ministry of Corporate Affairs and the relevant provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and general circulars issued from time to time.

15. Acknowledgement

Your Directors thank the shareholders, customers and vendors for the support. The Directors also thank all employees of the Company for their valuable contribution.

For and on behalf of the Board

S. Patel

Sumant J. Pātel
Director
(DIN: 00186976)

Mumbai
11 May 2020



Annexure A

Details of the Board Meeting held during the period under review.

Sr No	Date of Board Meeting
1	05.11.2019
2	07.12.2019
3	15.01.2020

Name of the Director	No. of Meeting Attended
Mr. Sumant J. Patel	03
Mr. Krishna S. Patel	03



EXTRACT OF ANNUAL RETURN

As on the financial period ended 31.03.2020

[Pursuant to Section 92(3) of the Companies Act, 2013, and Rule 12(1) of the Companies (Management and Administration) Rules, 2014]

I. REGISTRATION AND OTHER DETAILS

- i) CIN : U85320MH2019NPL331463
 ii) Registration Date : 09 October 2019
 iii) Name of the Company : Nesco Foundation for Innovation and Development
 iv) Category / Sub-Category of the Company : Company Limited by Shares/
 Indian Non-Government
 Company
 v) Address of the registered office
 and contact details : Hall No 01, Nesco Center,
 Western Express Highway,
 Goregaon (East), Mumbai-
 400063.
 vi) Whether listed company Yes / No : No
 vii) Name, Address and Contact details
 of Registrar and Transfer Agent, if any : N.A.

II. PRINCIPAL BUSINESS ACTIVITIES OF THE COMPANY

All the business activities contributing 10% or more of the total turnover of the company shall be stated:

Sr. No.	Name and Description of Main Products/ Services	NIC Code of the Products/ Services	% of total turnover of the Company
1	Other social work activities without accommodation n.e.c.	88900	100%

III. PARTICULARS OF HOLDING, SUBSIDIARY AND ASSOCIATE COMPANIES –

Sr No.	Name and Address of the Company	CIN/GLN	Holding/ Subsidiary/ Associates	% of shares held	Applicable Section
1	Nesco Limited	L17100MH1946PLC004886	Holding	100%	2(46)



IV. SHARE HOLDING PATTERN (Equity Share Capital Breakup as percentage of Total Equity)

i) Category-wise Shareholding

Category code	Category of Shareholder	No. of Shares held at the beginning of the year				No. of Shares held at the end of the year				% change in the shareholding
		Demat	Physical	Total	% of total Shares	Demat	Physical	Total	% of total shares	
(A)	Shareholding of Promoter and Promoter Group									
1	Indian	--	---	---	---	-	-	--	--	--
a	Individual/Huf	--	1	1	0.01	-	1	1	0.01	--
b	Central/State Gov	--	--	--	---	-	-	--	--	--
c	Bodies Corporates	--	9,999	9,999	99.99	-	9,999	9,999	99.99	--
d	Fins / Banks	--	---	---	---	-	-	--	--	--
e	Any Other specify	--	--	--	--	-	-	--	--	--
	Sub Total(A)(1)	--	10,000	10,000	100.00	-	10,000	10,000	100.00	--
2	Foreign	--	--	--	--	-	-	--	--	--
a	Indv NRI/For Ind	--	--	--	--	-	-	--	--	--
b	Bodies Corporate	--	--	--	--	-	-	--	--	--
c	Institutions	--	--	--	--	-	-	--	--	--
d	Qualified For. Inv.	--	--	--	--	-	-	--	--	--
e	Any Other Specify	--	--	--	--	-	-	--	--	--
	Sub Total(A)(2)	--	--	--	--	-	-	--	--	--
	Total Shareholding of Promoter and Promoter Group Total (A)= (A)(1)+(A)(2)									--
(B)	Public shareholding	--	--	--	--	-	-	--	--	--
1	Institutions	--	--	--	--	-	-	--	--	--
a	Mutual Funds	--	--	--	--	-	-	--	--	--
b	Fins / Banks	--	--	--	--	-	-	--	--	--
c	Central/State Govt	--	---	--	--	-	-	--	--	--
d	Venture Cap Fund	--	---	--	--	-	-	--	--	--
e	Insurance Comp(s)	--	--	--	--	-	-	--	--	--



f	Foreign Invest	Ins	--	--	--	--	-	--	--	--
g	Foreign Ven Cap In		--	--	--	--	-	--	--	--
h	Qualified For. Inv.		--	--	--	--	-	--	--	--
i	Any Other Specify	-	--	--	--	--	-	--	--	--
	Sub-Total (B)(1)									--
B 2	Non-institutions		--	--	--	--	-	--	--	--
a	Bodies Corporates		--	--	--	--	-	--	--	--
b	Individuals		--	--	--	--	-	--	--	--
	i) upto Rs 1-Lac		--	--	--	--	-	--	--	--
	ii) above Rs1-Lac		--	--	--	--	-	--	--	--
c	Qualified For. Inv.		--	--	--	--	-	--	--	--
d	Any Other-Clr-Mem		--	--	--	--	-	--	--	--
	-OCB		--	--	--	--	-	--	--	--
	-NRI		--	--	--	--	-	--	--	--
	Sub-Total (B)(2)		--	--	--	--	-	--	--	--
(B)	Total(B)= (B)(1)+(B)(2)									--
	TOTAL (A)+(B)		-	10,000	10,000	100.00	-	10,000	10,000	100.00
										--
©	Held by Custodians against Depository Receipts		--	-	--	-	--	-	--	--
	PROMOTER & PRO GRP		--	-	--	-	--	-	--	--
	PUBLIC		--	-	--	-	--	-	--	--
	GRAND TOTAL (A)+(B)+(C)		--	10,000	10,000	100.00	-	10,000	10,000	100.00

ii) Shareholding of Promoters

Sl. No.	Shareholders Name	Shareholding at the beginning of the year			Shareholding at the end of the year			% change in the holding during the year
		No. of Shares	% of total shares of the Company	% of shares Pledged/encumbered to total shares	No. of shares	% of total shares of the Company	% of shares Pledged/encumbered to total shares	
1	Nesco Limited	9,999	99.99	--	9,999	99.99	--	--
2	Mr. Sumant J. Patel	1	0.01	--	1	0.01	--	--
	Total	10,000	100.00	--	10,000	100.00	--	0.00



(iii) Change in Promoters' Shareholding (please specify)

There is no change in the shareholding of the Promoters during the period under review.

(iv) Shareholding Pattern of top ten Shareholders (other than Directors, Promoters and Holders of GDRs and ADRs): **N.A.**

V. INDEBTEDNESS

Indebtedness of the Company including interest outstanding/accrued but not due for payment: **N.A.**

VI. REMUNERATION OF DIRECTORS AND KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL

A. Remuneration to Managing Director, Whole-time Directors and/or Manager: **N.A.**

B. Remuneration to other directors:

Sl. No.	Particulars of Remuneration	Name of the Directors		Total Amount
		Mr. Sumant J. Patel	Mr. Krishna S. Patel	
1.	Fees for attending Committee/ Board Meeting Commission Others	NIL	NIL	NIL

C. REMUNERATION TO KEY MANAGERIAL PERSONNEL OTHER THAN MD/MANAGER/WTD: **N.A.**

VII. PENALTIES / PUNISHMENT/ COMPOUNDING OF OFFENCES: N.A.



Manubhai & Shah LLP

Chartered Accountants

Independent Auditor's Report

To

The Board of Directors of Nesco Foundation for Innovation and Development

Report on the audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of **Nesco Foundation for Innovation and Development** ("the Company"), which comprise the Balance Sheet as at 31st March 2020, the Statement of Profit and Loss (including Other Comprehensive Income), the Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows for the period from 9th October, 2019 to 31st March, 2020, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information (herein after referred to as 'the financial statements').

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the aforesaid financial statements give the information required by the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act") in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the Indian Accounting Standards prescribed under section 133 of the Act read with the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015, as amended, ("Ind AS") and other accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the state of affairs of the Company as at 31st March 2020, the loss and total comprehensive income, changes in equity and its cash flows for the period ended on that date.

Basis of Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing (SAs) specified under section 143(10) of the Companies Act, 2013 (the Act). Our responsibilities under those Standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Results* section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the Code of Ethics issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial results under the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013 and the Rules thereunder, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements and the Code of Ethics. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.



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Email : infomumbai@msglobal.co.in

Website : www.msglobal.co.in

Ahmedabad • Mumbai • Rajkot • Jamnagar • Baroda

Manubhai & Shah (Registration No. GUJ/AHD/33849) a Partnership Firm was converted into Manubhai & Shah LLP (LLP identification No.AAG-0878) a Limited Liability Partnership with effect from 1st April, 2016

Key Audit Matters

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters. We have determined that there are no key audit matters which need to be communicated to the members of the company.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Directors report including annexures but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained during the course of our audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Management's Responsibilities for the Financial Results

The Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the matters stated in section 134(5) of the Act, with respect to the preparation of these financial statements that give a true and fair view of the financial position, financial performance, changes in equity and cash flows of the Company in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act. This responsibility also includes maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Company and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; selection and application of appropriate implementation and maintenance of accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial results, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.



The Board of Directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Results

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial results as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with SAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial results.

As part of an audit in accordance with SAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial results, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of the management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial results or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial results, including the disclosures, and whether the financial results represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.



Materiality is the magnitude of misstatements in the financial statements that, individually or in aggregate, makes it probable that the economic decisions of a reasonably knowledgeable user of the financial statements may be influenced. We consider quantitative materiality and qualitative factors in (i) planning the scope of our audit work and in evaluating the results of our work; and (ii) to evaluate the effect of any identified misstatements in the financial statements.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide those charged with governance with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

- 1) The Companies (Auditor's Report) Order, 2016 ("the Order") issued by the Central Government of India in terms of section 143(11) of the Act, is not applicable to the Company.
- 2) As required by Section 143(3) of the Act, we report that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purposes of our audit;
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of account as required by law have been kept by the Company so far as it appears from our examination of those books;
 - (c) The Balance Sheet, the Statement of Profit and Loss including Other Comprehensive Income, Statement of Changes in Equity and the Statement of Cash Flows dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the books of account;
 - (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid financial statements comply with the Indian Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014;
 - (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors as on 31st March, 2020 taken on record by the Board of Directors, none of the director is disqualified as on 31st March, 2020 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164(2) of the Act;
 - (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Company and the operating effectiveness of such controls, we would like to state that we are exempted from such reporting vide notification G.S.R 583 (E) dated 13th June, 2017;



- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with the requirements of section 197(16) of the Act, as amended, we would like to state that section 197 is not applicable to the Company.
- (h) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditors) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- (i) The Company does not have any pending litigations which would impact on its financial position in its financial statements;
 - (ii) The Company did not have any long term contracts including derivative contracts for which there were any material foreseeable losses;
 - (iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Company.

For Manubhai & Shah LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm's Registration No: 106041W/W100136



Ashish Shah

Partner

Membership No.: 103750

Mumbai, 11th May 2020

UDIN: 20103750AAAABK7188



Nesco Foundation for Innovation and Development
(A Company licensed under section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013)
Balance sheet as at 31 March 2020

(₹ in Lakhs)

	Note No	As at 31 March 2020
Assets		
Non-Current assets		
Other Intangible Assets	2	0.52
Total Non-Current Assets		0.52
Current assets		
Financial Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	3	0.73
Total Current Assets		0.73
Total - Assets		1.25
Equity and Liabilities		
Equity		
Equity share capital	4A	1.00
Other equity	4B	(1.40)
Total Equity		(0.40)
Non-current liabilities		
Total Non-current Liabilities		-
Current liabilities		
Financial Liabilities		
Other financial liabilities		1.65
Total Current Liabilities		1.65
Total - Equity and Liabilities		1.25

Notes forming part of the financial statements

1 to 13

As per our report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board

For Manubhai & Shah LLP
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 106041W/W100136



Ashish Shah
Partner
Membership No : 103750



Sumant Patel
Director
DIN- 00186976

Krishna S. Patel
Director
DIN- 01519572

Mumbai, 11th May 2020

Nesco Foundation for Innovation and Development
(A Company licensed under section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013)
Statement of Income and Expenditure for the period from 09th October 2019 to 31st March 2020

(₹ in Lakhs)

	Note No	For the period 09th October 2019 to 31st March 2020
Revenue from operations		-
Other Income		0.61
Total Income		0.61
Expenses:-		
Depreciation and amortisation expenses	2	0.01
Other Expenses		2.00
Total expenses		2.01
Surplus / (Deficit) before tax		(1.40)
Income Tax expense		
(1) Current tax		-
(2) Deferred tax		-
Total tax expense		-
Surplus / (Deficit) after tax		(1.40)
Earning per Equity share (face value of Rs 10/- each)		
Basic & Diluted (in Rs)	11	(14.00)

Notes forming part of the financial statements

1 to 13

As per our report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board

For Manubhai & Shah LLP
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 106041W/W100136

Ashish Shah
Partner
Membership No : 103750



S.Patel
Sumant Patel
Director
DIN- 00186976

Krishna S. Patel
Director
DIN- 01519572

Mumbai, 11th May 2020



Nesco Foundation for Innovation and Development
(A Company licensed under section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013)
Cash Flow Statement for the period 09th October 2019 to 31st March 2020

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	For the period 09th October 2019 to 31st March 2020
A) Cash Flow from operating activities	
Net Profit / (Loss) before income tax	(1.40)
Add / (Less):	
Interest income	-
Finance costs	-
Operating profit before change in operating assets and liabilities	(1.40)
Add / (Less):	
(Increase)/Decrease in Trade & other receivable	-
(Increase)/Decrease in other operating assets	-
Increase/(Decrease) in Trade payables	-
Increase/(Decrease) in other operating liabilities	1.65
Cash generated from operations	1.65
Add / (Less):	0.25
Income Tax paid (Net of refund)	-
Net Cash generated from operating activities - [A]	0.25
B) Cash Flow from investing activities	
Purchase of Intangible Assets	(0.52)
Net Cash used in investing activities - [B]	(0.52)
C) Cash Flow used in financing activities	
Finance costs paid	-
Receipt for Share Capital money from holding company	1.00
Net Cash used in financing activities - [C]	1.00
Net Increase / (Decrease) in Cash / Cash Equivalents (A+B+C)	0.73
Cash/Cash Equivalents at the beginning of the year	-
Cash/Cash Equivalents at the end of the year	<u>0.73</u>

Notes:-

- a) The above Cash Flow Statement has been prepared under the "Indirect Method" as set out in the Indian Accounting Standard (Ind AS- 7)- Statement of Cash Flow

- b) Cash and Cash Equivalent comprises of

Cash on hand
Balances with Banks in Current Account
Cash and Cash Equivalents in Cash Flow Statements

(₹ in Lakhs)	
As at 31 March	
2020	
-	
0.73	
<u>0.73</u>	

As per our report of even date

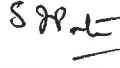
For Manubhai & Shah LLP
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 106041W/W100136



Ashish Shah
Partner
Membership No : 103750

Mumbai, 11th May 2020



For and on behalf of the Board


Sumant J. Patel
Director
DIN- 00186976


Krishna S. Patel
Director
DIN- 01519572



Nesco Foundation for Innovation and Development
Statement of Changes in Equity for the year ended 31 March 2020


A Equity Share Capital (₹ in Lakhs)	
Particulars	As at 31 March 2020
Balance at the beginning	-
Changes in equity share capital during the year	1.00
Balance at the end	1.00

B Other Equity (₹ in Lakhs)	
Particulars	As at 31 March 2020
Retained Earnings	
Balance at the beginning	-
Profit / (Loss) for the year	-1.40
Balance at the end	-1.40

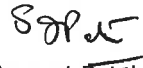
As per our report of even date

For and on behalf of the Board

For Manubhai & Shah LLP
Chartered Accountants
FRN: 106041W/W100136


Ashish Shah
Partner
Membership No : 103750




Sumant Patel
Director
DIN- 00186976


Krishna S. Patel
Director
DIN- 01519572

Mumbai, 11th May 2020



1. Statement of significant accounting policies and practices

A. Corporate Information :-

Nesco Foundation for Innovation and Development ("the Company"), a non-profit making Company, within the meaning of Section 8 of the Companies Act, 2013, was incorporated in India on 9th October, 2019. The Company is primarily engaged in the business of providing CSR activities.

B. Basis of preparation :- Compliance with Ind AS

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Indian Accounting Standards (Ind-AS) notified under section 133 of the Companies Act 2013 (The Act) [the Companies (Indian Accounting Standards) Rules, 2015], and other relevant provisions of the Act, on the accrual basis under historical cost convention.

C. Use of estimates :-

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Ind AS requires the management to make estimates and assumptions considered in the reported amounts of assets and liabilities (including contingent liabilities) and the reported income and expenses during the year. The management believes that the estimates used in the preparation of the financial statements are prudent and reasonable. Future results could differ due to these estimates and the differences between the actual results and the estimates are recognized in the periods in which the results are known / materialized and if material, their effects are disclosed in the notes to the financial statements.

D. Current/ non current classification

All assets and liabilities have been classified as current or non-current as per the Company's Normal operating cycle and other criteria set out in Schedule-III of the Act.

For the purpose of current / non-current classification of assets and liabilities, the company has ascertained its normal operating cycle as 12 months. This is based on the nature of services and the time between the acquisition of assets and their realization in cash and cash equivalents.

E. Intangible Assets :-

Intangible Assets are stated at cost of acquisition less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment, if any. Amortization is done over their estimated useful life on straight line basis from the date that they are available for intended use, subjected to impairment test. Purchase cost and consultancy fees for major software are amortized over the useful life of the software. Software, which is not an integral part of the related hardware is classified as an intangible asset and is amortized over the useful life of 6 years.

F. Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized only when it can be reliably measured and it is reasonable to expect ultimate collection.



G. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash and cheques in hand, bank balances, demand deposits with banks and other short term highly liquid investments where the original maturity is three months or less.

H. Financial Instruments:

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

1. Investments and other Financial Assets:

(i) Classification:

The Company classifies its financial assets in following measurement categories:

- those to be measured subsequently at fair value (either through other comprehensive income, or through profit or loss), and
- those measured at amortised cost

The classification depends on entity's business model for managing financial assets and the contractual terms of cash flow.

(ii) Initial recognition and measurement:

At initial recognition, the Company measures a financial asset at fair value, plus in case of a financial asset not at fair value through profit and loss, transaction costs that are directly attributable to the acquisition of the financial asset. Transactions costs of financial assets carried at fair value through profit and loss are expensed in profit or loss.

(iii) Financial Assets measured at amortised cost:

Financial assets are measured at amortised cost when asset is held within a business model, whose objective is to hold assets for collecting contractual cash flows and contractual terms of the asset give rise on specified dates to cash flows that are solely payments of principal and interest. Such financial assets are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate (EIR) method. A gain or loss on such an instrument is recognised in profit or loss. Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using effective interest method. The losses arising from impairment are recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(iv) Financial Assets measured at fair value through other comprehensive income (FVTOCI):

Assets that are held for collection of contractual cash flows and for selling the financial assets, where represent solely payments of principal and interest, are measured at fair value initially as well as at each reporting date through other comprehensive income. Fair value movements in the carrying amount are recognized in the other comprehensive income, except for the recognition of impairment of gains and losses, interest revenue and foreign exchange gain or loss which are recognised in profit and loss. When the financial asset is derecognised, the cumulative gain or loss previously recognised in OCI is reclassified from equity to profit or loss and recognised in other gains / (losses). Interest income from these financial assets is included in other income using the effective interest rate method.

(v) Financial Assets measured at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL):

Assets that do not meet the criteria for amortised cost or FVTOCI are measured initially as well as at each reporting date at fair value through profit or loss as other income. Income from these financial assets is included in other income.



(vi) Investment in Subsidiary and Associates:

Investment in equity instruments of Subsidiaries and Associates are measured at cost in accordance with the option available in Ind AS 27, "Separate Financial Statements".

Investment in subsidiary and associate companies are reviewed for impairment, whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that carrying amount may not be recoverable. Such circumstances include, though are not limited to, significant or sustained decline in revenues or earnings and material adverse changes in economic environment.

(vii) Investment in Equity Instruments:

Equity instruments which are held for trading are classified as at FVTPL. All other equity instruments are classified as FVTOCI.

Fair value changes in case of the equity instruments classified as FVTOCI are recognised in the Other Comprehensive Income. There is no subsequent reclassification of gains and losses from other comprehensive income to profit or loss.

Changes in the fair value of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in other gains / (losses) in the statement of profit and loss. Dividend from such investments are recognised in profit and loss as other income when the Company's right to receive payments is established. Impairment loss (and reversal of impairment loss) on equity instruments measured at FVTOCI are not accounted separately from other changes in fair value.

(viii) Investment in Debt Instruments: A debt instrument is measured at amortised cost or at FVTPL. Any debt instrument, which does not meet the criteria for categorization as at amortized cost or as FVOCI, is classified as at FVTPL. Debt instruments included within the FVTPL category are measured at fair value with all changes recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

(ix) Impairment of Financial Assets: The Company recognizes loss allowances using the expected credit loss (ECL) model for the financial assets which are not fair valued through profit or loss. Loss allowance for trade receivables with no significant financing component is measured at an amount equal to lifetime ECL. For all other financial assets, expected credit losses are measured at an amount equal to the 12-month ECL, unless there has been a significant increase in credit risk from initial recognition in which case those are measured at lifetime ECL. The amount of expected credit losses (or reversal) that is required to adjust the loss allowance at the reporting date to the amount that is required to be recognised is recognized as an impairment gain or loss in profit or loss.

(x) De-recognition of Financial Assets:

A financial asset is primarily derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the asset have expired or the Company has transferred its rights to receive cash flows from the asset.

A financial asset is derecognised only when the Company –

- has transferred the right to receive cash flows from the financial asset or
- retains contractual rights to receive the cash flows of the financial asset, but assumes contractual obligation to pay the cash flows to one or more recipients or
- does not retain the control of the financial asset or
- does not have continuing involvement in the financial asset.

When the Company has transferred an asset, the Company evaluates whether it has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of financial assets. In such cases, financial asset is derecognised. When the entity has not transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership of financial asset, the financial asset is not derecognised.



(xi) Income recognition:

Interest income from debt instruments is recognised using effective interest rate method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to the gross carrying amount of a financial asset. When computing effective interest rate, the Company estimates the expected cash flows by considering all the contractual terms of the financial instruments.

Dividends are recognised in profit and loss only when the right to receive payment is established, it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the dividend will flow to the Company, and the amount of dividend can be measured reliably.

2. Financial Liabilities:

i) Classification:

The Company classifies all financial liabilities as subsequently measured at amortised cost, except for financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss.

ii) Initial recognition and measurement: All financial liabilities that are classified as to be subsequently measured not at Fair value through Profit and Loss (FVTPL), are recognised initially at fair value, being transaction price net of directly attributable transaction costs. Financial liabilities include trade and other payables, security deposits etc.

iii) Subsequent measurement: All Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the Effective Interest Rate (EIR) method. The EIR amortisation is included as finance costs in the statement of profit and loss.

iv) De-recognition of Financial Liabilities: A financial liability is derecognised when the obligation under the liability is discharged or cancelled or expires.

3. Offsetting Financial Instruments:

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, and the net amount is reported in the balance sheet where there is a legally enforceable right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

I. Segment Reporting:

Operating segments have been identified on the basis of the nature of business activities from which the Company earns revenues or incurs expenses and for which discrete financial information is available. The Management monitors the operating results of its business segments for the purpose of making decisions about resource allocation and performance assessment. Segment performance is evaluated based on profit or loss and is measured consistently with profit or loss in the financial statements. The Operating segments have been identified on the basis of the nature of products / services.

- i) Segment revenue includes sales and other income directly identifiable with/ allocable to the segment including inter-segment revenue.
- ii) Expenses that are directly identifiable with/ or allocable to segments are considered for determining the segment result. Expenses which relate the Company as a whole and not allocable to segments are included in un-allocable expenditure.
- iii) Income which relates to the Company as a whole and not allocable to segments is included in un-allocable income.
- iv) Segment assets and liabilities include those directly identifiable with the respective segments. Un-allocable assets and liabilities represent the assets and liabilities that relate to the Company as a whole and not allocable to any segment.

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the Chief Operating Decision Maker.

J. Earnings Per Share:

Basic Earnings per share is calculated by dividing:

- the profit attributable to owners of the Company
- by the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the financial year



Nesco Foundation for Innovation and Development
Notes forming part of financial statements

Note 2- Other Intangible Assets

(₹ in Lakhs)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020
Opening Gross Carrying Amount	-
Additions	0.53
Closing Gross Carrying Amount	0.53
Opening accumulated depreciation	-
Depreciation during the year	0.01
Closing accumulated depreciation	0.01
Closing Net Carrying Amount	0.52

Note 3- Cash & Cash Equivalents

Balance with banks in current account	0.73
Cash on hand	-
	0.73

Note 4 A- Equity Share Capital

Authorised	As at 31 March 2020
10,000 Equity shares of Rs 10 each	1.00

Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up equity Capital	As at 31 March 2020
10,000 Equity shares of Rs 10 each	1.00

Reconciliation of shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the year

	As at 31 March 2020
Shares outstanding at the beginning of the year	-
Shares issued during the year	1.00
Shares outstanding at the end of the year	1.00

Terms/Right attached to equity shares

Each holder of Equity share is entitled to One vote per share held. The company being a company registered under Sec 8 of the Companies Act, 2013 is required to compulsorily apply its profit, if any, or other income in promoting its objective and is prohibited from the payment of any dividends to its member (shareholders). In the event of liquidation of the company, the holders of the equity shares shall not be entitled to receive the remaining assets of the company after satisfaction of debts and liabilities. Such remaining assets shall be given or transferred to such other company registered under Sec 8 of the Companies Act, 2013 having similar objects, Subject to such conditions as the Tribunal may impose or may be sold and proceeds thereof credited to the rehabilitation and Insolvency Fund formed under section 269.



Nesco Foundation for Innovation and Development
Notes forming part of financial statements

Details of shareholders holding more than 5% shares in the Company:

Name of shareholder	As at 31 March 2020	
	No of shares held	% of Holding
Nesco Limited	9,999	99.99%
Total	9,999	99.99%

B. Other Equity

Particulars	As at 31 March 2020
Retained Earnings	
Balance at the beginning	-
Profit / (Loss) for the year	-1.40
Balance at the end	-1.40

Note 5 - Category wise classification of financial instrument

The carrying value of financial instruments by categories as of 31 March 2020 is as follows,

(₹ in Lakhs)

Financial Assets / Financial Liabilities	Amortised cost	Fair value through profit or loss	Fair value through comprehensive income	Total carrying value
--	----------------	-----------------------------------	---	----------------------

Financial Assets

Cash and cash equivalents	0.73	-	-	0.73
Total Financial Assets	0.73	-	-	0.73

Fiancial Liabilities

other fiancial liabilities	1.65	-	-	1.65
Total Financial Liabiities	1.65	-	-	1.65



Note 6 - Contingent Liabilities and Commitments:

- Income tax demand disputed by the Company ₹ Nil
- Claims against the Company not acknowledged as debts ₹ Nil
- Estimated amount of contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for is ₹ Nil

Note 7 - Disclosure under the MSMED Act 2006:

Disclosure under the MSMED Act 2006 are provided as under for the year 2019-20, to the extent the Company has received intimation from the "Suppliers" regarding their status under the Act

(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars	As At 31 March 2020
1. Principal amount and the interest due thereon remaining unpaid in each supplier at the end of each accounting year (but within due date as per the MSMED Act) Principal amount due to Micro and Small Enterprise	-
Interest due on above	-
2. Interest paid by the company in terms of Section 16 of the MSMED Act 2006, along- with the amount of the payment made to the supplier beyond the appointed day during the period	-
3. Interest due and payable for the period of the delay in making payment (which have been paid but beyond the appointed day during the period), but without adding interest specified under the MSMED Act 2006	-
4. The amount of interest accrued and remaining unpaid at the end of each accounting year	-
5. Interest due and remaining payable even in the succeeding years, until such date when the interest dues as above are actually paid to the Small Enterprises	-

Dues to Micro and Small Enterprises have been determined to the extent such parties have been identified on the basis of information collected by the Management. This has been relied upon by the auditors.

Note 8 - Disclosure as per Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013

The details of loans, guarantees and investments under Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with the Companies (Meetings of Board and its Powers) Rules, 2014 are as follows:

- There are no Investments made in related party during the year.
- There are no loans given to any related party during the year.
- There are no guarantees issued by the Company in accordance with Section 186 of the Companies Act, 2013 read with rules issued thereunder



Note 9 - Related party disclosures:

- (a) List of related parties and relationships
- | | | |
|-------------------------------------|------|----------------------|
| Parent / Holding Company | (i) | Nesco Limited |
| Key management personnel (Director) | (i) | Mr. Krishna S. Patel |
| | (ii) | Mr. Sumant J Patel |
- (b) Related party transactions: -

(₹ in lakhs)

Particulars	For the year 2019-2020
Share Capital money received from Nesco Limited	1.00
Amounts received as donation from Nesco Limited	0.61

Note 10 - Earnings per share:

Particulars	2019-20
Surplus/(Deficit) after Tax as per statement of Income and Expenditure (₹ in lakhs)	(1.40)
Weighted average Number of equity shares outstanding during the years	10000
Basic and diluted earnings per share in Rupees (Face value- ₹ 10 per share)	-14.00

Note 11 - Segment Reporting:

The Company has one line of business of providing the CSR activity hence the segmental reporting not applicable.

Note 12 - Since the Company has been incorporated during the year, Previous year's figures are not applicable.

Note 13 - The financial statements are approved for issue by the Board of Directors at its meeting held on 11 May 2020.

